

**Eighth Meeting of the Inter-Agency and Expert Group  
on the Sustainable Development Goal Indicators**

6-8 November 2018

Venue: Swedish International Development

Cooperation Agency

Stockholm, Sweden

## **Report**

### **I. Introduction**

1. The eighth meeting of the Inter-agency and Expert Group on Sustainable Development Goal Indicators (IAEG-SDGs) took place from 5-8 November 2018 in Stockholm, Sweden. The meeting was hosted by Statistics Sweden and the Swedish International Development Cooperation Agency (Sida). An IAEG-SDG member meeting took place on 5 November 2018, followed by a plenary session, attended by all participants, on 6-8 November 2018. An IAEG-SDG working meeting on data disaggregation was organized on 9 November 2018, back to back with the eighth meeting of the IAEG-SDGs (meeting summary can be found at [https://unstats.un.org/sdgs/files/meetings/iaeg-sdgs-meeting-08/Data%20disaggregation%20working%20meeting%20Summary\\_final.pdf](https://unstats.un.org/sdgs/files/meetings/iaeg-sdgs-meeting-08/Data%20disaggregation%20working%20meeting%20Summary_final.pdf)).

2. The main objectives of the meeting were to: i) review the tier classification of indicators; ii) discuss the implementation plan for data flows and global data reporting and case studies on data flows for SDGs; iii) review Tier III work plans and updates; iv) review the timeline and process for the 2020 comprehensive review and additional indicators; v) discuss progress made on the work stream on data disaggregation; vi) share experiences on implementing monitoring of the SDGs; and vii) other related issues.

3. At the plenary session, Mr. Joakim Stymne, Director-General of Statistics Sweden, opened the meeting and welcomed participants to Stockholm. Mr. Stymne stressed that the enormous task to follow-up on the global goals is an opportunity to reach beyond usual comfort zones to work together with those that are engaged in other work. He noted that this great challenge will strengthen the global statistical community's ability to produce statistics of high quality that meet the demands of users and that working outside of usual silos will drive the change the world needs. Mr. Enrique Ordaz, co-chair of the IAEG-SDGs and Ms. Francesca Perucci, Chief of the Development Data and Outreach Branch of the United Nations Statistics Division, also offered opening remarks expressing gratitude to Statistics Sweden and Sida for hosting the meeting and sponsoring so many new country observers in the audience, which enables the IAEG to better engage with a broader range of

constituencies. The meeting was attended by over 190 participants, including representatives from 25 member countries of the IAEG-SDGs, 33 observer countries, 40 regional and international organisations, and over 39 civil society organisations, academia and the private sector.

4. The co-chairs of the IAEG-SDGs, Mr. Enrique Ordaz of Mexico and Dr. Albina Chuwa of the United Republic of Tanzania, chaired the meeting, assisted by UNSD staff as Secretariat.

5. All documents of the meeting, including presentations for each agenda item and statements are available on the website of the 8<sup>th</sup> meeting of the IAEG-SDGs (<https://unstats.un.org/sdgs/meetings/iaeg-sdgs-meeting-08/>).

## **II. Update on latest events and on the work of the IAEG-SDG working groups**

6. Agenda item 2 was introduced by the Secretariat, who provided a summary of the main outcomes of the recently held UN World Data Forum and the High-Level Political Forum (HLPF) held in July 2018. The representative of Denmark provided an oral update on the work of the High-level Group on Partnership, Coordination and Capacity Building for the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development.

7. Agenda item 3 included updates on the progress made by the three working groups of the IAEG-SDGs: SDMX, Geo-spatial information and Interlinkages. All presentations for these agenda items (2 and 3) are included on the meeting website.

## **III. Tier classification of indicators**

8. Agenda item 4: The reclassification requests of 15 Tier III indicators/sub-indicators were discussed:

- i. *2.4.1* – Proportion of agricultural area under productive and sustainable agriculture
- ii. *3.b.3* – Proportion of health facilities that have a core set of relevant essential medicines available and affordable on a sustainable basis
- iii. *4.1.1(a)* – Proportion of children and young people (a) in grades 2/3; (b) at the end of primary; and (c) at the end of lower secondary achieving at least a minimum proficiency level in (i) reading and (ii) mathematics, by sex
- iv. *4.7.1* – Extent to which (i) global citizenship education and (ii) education for sustainable development, including gender equality and human rights, are mainstreamed at all levels in (a) national education policies; (b) curricula; (c) teacher education; and (d) student assessment
- v. *10.2.1* – Proportion of people living below 50 per cent of median income, by sex, age and persons with disabilities

- vi. *10.7.1* – Recruitment cost borne by employee as a proportion of monthly income earned in country of destination
- vii. *10.7.2* – Number of countries with migration policies that facilitate orderly, safe, regular and responsible migration and mobility of people
- viii. *11.3.2* – Proportion of cities with a direct participation structure of civil society in urban planning and management that operate regularly and democratically
- ix. *11.7.1* – Average share of the built-up area of cities that is open space for public use for all, by sex, age and persons with disabilities
- x. *12.3.1(a)* – (a) Food loss index and (b) food waste index
- xi. *12.8.1* – Extent to which (i) global citizenship education and (ii) education for sustainable development (including climate change education) are mainstreamed in (a) national education policies; (b) curricula; (c) teacher education; and (d) student assessment
- xii. *14.3.1* – Average marine acidity (pH) measured at agreed suite of representative sampling stations
- xiii. *16.4.2* – Proportion of seized, found or surrendered arms whose illicit origin or context has been traced or established by a competent authority in line with international instruments
- xiv. *16.7.1(a)* – Proportions of positions in national and local public institutions, including (a) the legislatures; (b) the public service; and (c) the judiciary, compared to national distributions, by sex, age, persons with disabilities and population groups
- xv. *17.13.1* – Macroeconomic Dashboard

9. The custodian agencies for each indicator made brief presentations on the progress made on the methodology and why the indicator was ready to be reclassified as Tier II. After each presentation and a brief discussion on the indicators, the IAEG-SDGs members decided to reclassify all indicators except the following: 4.7.1 and 12.8.1. The IAEG-SDGs members requested that additional methodological work should be conducted. In addition, feedback for 16.7.1(a) noted that the indicator should be disaggregated by more age groups, instead of just age 45 and below.

10. Following the tier reclassification requests, WHO provided a presentation to brief the IAEG-SDG members on an upcoming methodology change for indicator 3.8.1, which will be submitted for the reconsideration and review by the IAEG-SDG at a WebEx meeting following the 8<sup>th</sup> IAEG-SDG meeting. Discussion by IAEG members following the presentation stressed concern about a change in methodology, since the indicator had only recently been approved (at the 7<sup>th</sup> IAEG-SDG meeting in April 2018). IAEG members questioned the reasoning for the change and requested that documentation be sent as soon as possible so that members could consult with their health experts.

11. The Secretariat provided a brief overview of indicator 10.5.1 (Financial Soundness Indicators), which had been presented in previous meetings and was similar in format and methodology to the just approved Macroeconomic dashboard (indicator 17.13.1). Due to the

similarities, the IAEG-SDG members decided to fast track indicator 10.5.1 and approved its reclassification from Tier III to Tier I (based on data availability).

12. The Secretariat provided a presentation on the review of data availability in the global SDG Indicator database as of 31 August 2018. All Tier I and II indicators were reviewed as part of this work and based on data availability, two indicators that were Tier I were proposed to be moved to Tier II. In addition, nine indicators that were classified as Tier II were proposed to be upgraded to Tier I.

13. A few agencies provided updates on the development of some Tier III indicators that are ready for submitting tier reclassification requests. The IAEG-SDG members noted that an open WebEx meeting to consider tier reclassification will be held in December 2018. If an agency wants to submit a reclassification request, all supporting documents should be sent to the Secretariat by 12 November 2018.

14. All presentations for this agenda item (4) are included on the meeting website. In addition, all indicator changes are reflected in the tier classification document found on the following website: <https://unstats.un.org/sdgs/iaeg-sdgs/tier-classification/>.

#### **IV. SDG implementation and monitoring- interlinkages case studies and best practices**

15. Agenda item 5 included five presentations by countries and stakeholders highlighting interlinkages case studies and best practices in SDG implementation and monitoring. Presentations provided information on: the content and process to develop the Interlinkages background document by the IAEG-SDGs for the upcoming 50th session of the UN Statistical Commission, given by Canada, co-chair of the Interlinkages working group; a country example by Sweden on how to use environmental accounts data for monitoring national consumption and environmental goods to follow up on SDG Goal 12; an overview of the SEEA and the SDGs, provided by Germany; an analysis of capturing SDG interlinkages presented by a professor from the Stockholm School of Economics; and the Albania case of interlinkages as presented in its voluntary national report given at the 2018 HLPF. All presentations for this agenda item (5) are included on the meeting website.

#### **V. Data flows and global data reporting**

16. Agenda item 6 was introduced by Mr. Ordaz, co-chair of the IAEG-SDGs and Ms. Angela Me, co-chair of the CCSA, where they provided an overview of the joint document 'Criteria for the Implementation of the Guidelines on Data Flows and Global Data Reporting for the Sustainable Development Goals' developed by the co-chairs of the IAEG-SDGs and the CCSA, with the support of various members of the IAEG SDGs and the CCSA. The criteria for implementation includes a shared vision based on the Fundamental Principles of Official Statistics and details commitments by custodian agencies and Member States. It also details that the joint commitment of both agencies and countries is to support the central

coordinating role of the national statistical offices (NSOs). The finalized version of the criteria will be included in the official report of the IAEG-SDGs to the 50<sup>th</sup> session of the UN Statistical Commission (UNSC) in March 2019.

17. Following the overview of the implementation guidelines, France and Ethiopia provided a presentation of inputs on best practices in global data reporting from their respective regions, which will be incorporated in a background document to 50<sup>th</sup> session of the UNSC. France outlined the results of the UNECE data flow pilot study, which analysed current data flows focusing on indicators where validation of global statistics is difficult and explored methods to facilitate understanding between custodian agencies and NSOs. Ethiopia presented on African country views on the guidelines and data flows for global data reporting for the SDGs based on realities and challenges of national statistical systems in the region. It included best practices on data flows conducted in Tanzania, along with experiences from Botswana, Cameroon, Ethiopia and Ghana. Additionally, UNISDR outlined the integrated monitoring and reporting system for the Sendai framework and the SDGs. All presentations for this agenda item (6) are included on the meeting website.

18. Following these presentations, there was a brief discussion on some of the key points raised. It was discussed how to treat non-statistical indicators that would need to be validated by other parts of the government and it was suggested to include a reference to this in the criteria document. In addition, IAEG-SDG members noted that the document goes beyond the statistical offices and speaks to member states, aiming to demonstrate NSOs as the coordinator. The IAEG-SDG co-chair also noted that the guidelines are a living document and will need to be assessed for what works and what doesn't to improve the coordination between agencies and the national statistical systems.

## **VI. Data disaggregation and SDG implementation and monitoring- data disaggregation case studies and best practices**

19. Agenda item 7, on data disaggregation, was introduced by Mr. Sven Kaumanns from Germany who presented the IAEG-SDG's work plan and progress to date on data disaggregation, including information on a background document to the 50<sup>th</sup> session of UNSC in 2019 on the dimensions and categories of data disaggregation and an upcoming working meeting on data disaggregation following the 8<sup>th</sup> IAEG-SDG meeting.

20. After the presentation by Mr. Kaumanns, discussion on the agenda item highlighted the need for capacity building to countries, especially if there is a need for data at the district level or for disabilities. Others noted the necessity of examining existing data collections to determine if they already cover some of the populations that are left behind and questioned if cost effectiveness or a cost benefit analysis could also be considered.

21. Agenda item 8 included four presentations by countries, agencies and stakeholders highlighting data disaggregation case studies and best practices in SDG implementation and monitoring. Presentations provided information on: priority indicators for disaggregation by

refugees and internal displaced persons (IDPs) in the 2030 Agenda provided by the Joint IDP Profiling Service (JIPS) and UNHCR; the status of disability statistics and data collection in 2018 provided by the International Disability Alliance, highlighting a regional workshop held in ESCWA in Cairo this year; the Inclusive Data Charter pledged by the UK and UK progress on data disaggregation; WHO health inequality measurement tools and resources and the HEAT and HEAT Plus tools. All presentations for these agenda items (7 and 8) are included on the meeting website.

## **VII. Use of proxy indicators**

22. This agenda item (9) was introduced by the Secretariat, which outlined the proxy process undertaken in advance of the 8<sup>th</sup> IAEG meeting. The presentation outlined examples of issues already identified on proposed proxies and how the IAEG-SDG will address them. Following the meeting, the IAEG will conduct a review of material received from agencies/organizations on proxy proposals, along with a review of Tier III workplan status. Proxy recommendations will be posted on the IAEG-SDG website and reference included in the UNSC50 report. The presentation for this agenda item (9) is included on the meeting website.

## **VIII. 2020 Comprehensive Review**

23. Sweden, one of the IAEG-SDG members, presented on the 2020 comprehensive review, outlining the guiding principles for the review, what types of changes will be included, criteria for the review of the indicators and the timeline. The guiding principles of the review include taking into account investments already made at the national and international levels while not undermining on-going efforts; the revised framework should not significantly impose an additional burden on national statistical work, allowing for space for improvements while maintaining the same size as the current framework. The modifications of the framework during the 2020 comprehensive review will include the replacement, deletion, refinement or adjustment of indicators, and in a few selected cases, additional indicators, based on established criteria by the IAEG and outlined in the presentation. The presentation for this agenda item (10) is included on the meeting website.

24. Discussion following the presentation focused on the timeline for the final review of Tier III indicators to determine whether they can be maintained and whether all agencies will need to provide tier reclassification packages before the 9<sup>th</sup> IAEG-SDG Meeting. It was noted that the review at the 9<sup>th</sup> meeting will look at how well advanced these tier III indicator methodologies to determine if they should be maintained. Refinements will be part of the 2020 comprehensive review process and then will resume annually thereafter.

## **IX. SDG implementation and monitoring- geographic information systems case studies and best practices**

25. Agenda item 11 included four presentations by countries and agencies highlighting case studies and best practices in SDG implementation and monitoring using geographic information systems. Presentations provided information on: UNOOSA space programs and tools and their contribution to the SDGs; using Earth observations data to calculate SDG indicators in Colombia, including for Goals 9 and 11; Mexico's experience applying geospatial tools to produce data for the SDG indicators and its Open Data Cube project; and Sweden's example of geospatial methods to measure access to public transport (indicator 11.2.1). All presentations for this agenda item (11) are included on the meeting website.

#### **X. Metadata and contact/focal point updates and annual refinements of indicators**

26. The Secretariat provided updates to the metadata and contact/focal point information available on the IAEG website. Metadata updates are made following upgrades to the indicators and are available at the following website: <https://unstats.un.org/sdgs/metadata/>. IAEG members noted that some metadata have changed significantly from what was approved and request now that custodians provide a reason and justification for any significant changes in the metadata, which will be reviewed by the IAEG. The IAEG also requested the Secretariat to track any changes in the metadata. Currently changes are tracked on the website, but the Secretariat will also request track changes for any updated metadata.

27. Agencies are now requested to provide focal point and data collection information for any indicators that are reclassified from tier III to tier II within a month of the reclassification. Instructions and the data collection calendar template are available on the following website: <https://unstats.un.org/sdgs/dataContacts/>. The information on this website contains the custodian agency contact information, but NSOs have also provided SDG contact persons, which is not available publicly, but provided to custodian agencies to help facilitate their communication with countries. A best practice offered by a country for those that have yet to establish a contact person is to set up a generic email address for this purpose.

28. The following agenda item (13) was introduced by the Secretariat and reviewed refinements to some of the indicator names in the framework, which will be formally submitted to the UNSC at its 50th session in March 2019. The minor refinements are related to indicators 10.7.1, 10.7.2, 12.3.1, 14.6.1, 14.b.1 and 16.7.1. The presentation for this agenda item (13) is included on the meeting website.

#### **XI. SDG implementation and monitoring- national and regional monitoring and capacity building case studies and best practices**

29. Agenda item 14 included five presentations by countries, regional organizations, stakeholders and the Secretariat highlighting national and regional monitoring and capacity building efforts in SDG implementation and monitoring. Presentations provided information on: monitoring and reporting on the SDGs at the the Cooperation Council for the Arab Countries of the Gulf (GCC) regional level, provided by the GCC-Stat; examples of consultations with civil society for reporting of the SDGs in the Netherlands; implementation

and monitoring in Poland, with examples of the VNR process, reporting platforms and other SDG publications; the Commitment to Reducing Inequality Index 2018 and its contribution to SDG 10 provided by Oxfam; and examples of capacity building activities provided by UNSD, including the launch of the SDG Monitoring and Reporting Toolkit for UN country teams (<https://unstats.un.org/sdgs/unct-toolkit/>). All presentations for this agenda item (14) are included on the meeting website.

## **XII. Work plan, next steps and IAEG-SDGs report to the 50<sup>th</sup> session of the UNSC**

30. The IAEG-SDGs work plan for 2019 and activities of the IAEG-SDGs from November 2018 – March 2019 were presented as the final agenda item of the meeting. They are provided below for reference and also available in the presentation for agenda item 15 on the meeting website. Web meetings of the IAEG-SDGs will be posted on the following website: <https://unstats.un.org/sdgs/iaeg-sdgs/>. For tier reclassification requests, please see the following website for the dates of Webex meetings, deadlines to submit request and to download the template for the requests: <https://unstats.un.org/sdgs/iaeg-sdgs/tier-classification/>.

### **IAEG-SDG work programme of 2019 to be presented to UNSC50**

1. Continue the review of workplans for tier III indicators and reclassify indicators when requirements are met at the physical meeting and via open WebEx meetings, based on the calendar agreed by the group;
2. Carry out the comprehensive review on replacement, deletion, refinement or adjustment of indicators, and in a few selected cases, additional indicators, and prepare proposals for the consideration at the 51st session of the Statistical Commission in 2020;
3. Continue the work stream on data disaggregation to provide further guidelines and liaise with the other working groups (i.e. SDMX, geospatial information) for the data disaggregation work.
4. Continue the work of the three working groups, on statistical data and metadata exchange (SDMX), geospatial information and interlinkages and review the work plans of the working groups to ensure that they are in line with the work of the IAEG-SDGs;
5. Continue to incorporate more best practices for the data flows between countries and custodian agencies;
6. Hold two physical meetings in 2019 and continue to interact electronically and through teleconferences as needed.

### **Activities of the IAEG-SDGs from November 2018 to March 2019**

*Prepare documents for the 50th UNSC:*

1. Nov-Dec 2018: Report of the IAEG-SDGs to the 50<sup>th</sup> session of the UN Statistical Commission
2. Nov. 2018-Feb 2019: Background documents to UNSC50
  - Best practices on data flows and global data reporting for Sustainable Development Goals
  - Data disaggregation for the Sustainable Development Goal indicators, including dimensions and categories of data disaggregation required for the indicators



- Interlinkages in the global SDG indicator framework

**Nov. 2018 – March 2019** – preparations for the 2020 Comprehensive review as detailed in the presentation in Agenda item 10

*IAEG-SDG Meetings:*

1. Nov-Dec 2018: Skype meetings
  - end-Nov: IAEG-SDGs member meeting to finalize issues related to UNSC report
  - mid-Dec: Open meeting to discuss Tier III reclassification requests
2. Jan-March 2019: Skype meetings (TBD)
3. Physical meeting in March/April 2019 (location TBD)

## Annex 1 – Agenda

### Department of Economic and Social Affairs

Statistics Division

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### **Eighth Meeting of the Inter-Agency and Expert Group on the Sustainable Development Goal Indicators**

6 – 8 November 2018

Venue: Swedish International Development  
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Stockholm, Sweden

### **Plenary Session Provisional Agenda**

#### **Tuesday, 6 November 2018**

*Registration and collection of badges for IAEG-SDG observers and other stakeholders  
(8:00 a.m. – 9:00 a.m.)*

**Morning session (9:00 a.m. – 12:00 p.m.)**

*For information:*

1. Opening remarks (9:00 a.m. – 9:30 a.m.)
  - Mr. Joakim Symne, Director-General of Statistics Sweden
  - Ms. Marie Ottosson, Deputy Director General of Sida
  - Ms. Francesca Perucci, Chief of Development Data and Outreach Branch, United Nations Statistics Division
  - Mr. Enrique Ordaz and Ms. Albina Chuwa, Co-Chairs of the IAEG-SDGs
2. Update on latest events (9:30 a.m. – 10:00 a.m.)
  - Ms. Francesca Perucci, UNSD - UN World Data Forum
  - Ms Yongyi Min, UNSD - High-Level Political Forum (HLPF)
  - Mr. Maciej Truszczynski, Denmark - HLG-PCCB
3. Updates on the work of the three working groups of the IAEG-SDGs: SDMX, Geo-spatial information and Interlinkages (10:00 a.m. – 10:30 a.m.)
  - Ms. Karen Chavez Quintero, Colombia – SDMX Working Group
  - Ms. Marie Haldorson, Sweden – Geo-spatial Working Group
  - Ms. Cara Williams, Canada – Interlinkages Working Group

*Coffee Break (10:30 a.m. – 10:45 a.m.)*

*For discussion:*

4. Tier reclassification of indicators (10:45 a.m. – 12:00 p.m.)
  - Review of requests for reclassification of Tier III indicators
    - Ms. Kirsten Isensee, IOC-UNESCO – Indicator 14.3.1 (remotely)
    - Mr. Pietro Gennari, FAO – Indicators 2.4.1 and 12.3.1

**Lunch (provided by Statistics Sweden/Sida in conference room) (12:00 p.m. – 1:45 p.m.)**

**Side Event on TOSSD methodology (organized by Sida and TOSSD Task Force) (12:15 p.m. - 1:15 p.m.)**

**Afternoon session (1:45 p.m. – 6:00 p.m.)**

4. Tier reclassification of indicators (1:45 p.m. – 3:45 p.m.) (continued)
  - Review of requests for reclassification of Tier III indicators
    - Dr. John Grove, WHO – Indicator 3.b.3
    - Ms. Silvia Montoya, UNESCO – Indicators 4.1.1a, 4.7.1 and 12.8.1
    - Mr. Rafael Diez de Medina, ILO and Mr. Umar Serajuddin, World Bank – Indicator 10.7.1

*Coffee Break (3:45 p.m. – 4:00 p.m.)*

4. Tier reclassification of indicators (4:00 p.m. – 6:00 p.m.) (continued)
  - Review of requests for reclassification of Tier III indicators
    - Mr. Umar Serajuddin, World Bank – Indicators 10.2.1 and 17.13.1
    - Mr. Jorge Bravo, UN DESA Population Division and Mr. Maurizio Busatti, IOM – Indicator 10.7.2
    - Mr. Andy Richardson, IPU – Indicator 16.7.1

**Reception for meeting participants hosted by the city of Stockholm (7:00 p.m. – 9:00 p.m., buses leave at 6:15 p.m. from Sida)**

### **Wednesday, 7 November 2018**

**Stakeholder Briefing (8:00 a.m. – 8:45 a.m.)**

**Morning session (9:00 a.m. – 12:30 p.m.)**

4. Tier reclassification of indicators (9:00 a.m. – 11:00 a.m.) (continued)
  - Review of requests for reclassification of Tier III indicators
    - Mr. Robert Ndugwa, UN-Habitat - Indicators 11.3.2, 11.7.1
    - Ms. Angela Me, UNODC - Indicator 16.4.2
    - Dr. Samira Asma, WHO – 3.8.1 (methodology update)
  - Presentation of outcome of tier reclassification based on data availability (Tier I and Tier II)

*Coffee Break (11:00 a.m. – 11:15 a.m.)*

5. SDG implementation and monitoring – interlinkages case studies and best practices (11:15 a.m. – 12:15 p.m.)
- Ms. Cara Williams, Canada
  - Ms. Viveka Palm, Sweden and Mr. Sven Kaumanns, Germany
  - Ms. Ranjula Swain, Misum, Stockholm School of Economics
  - Mr. Alban Cela, Albania

**Lunch (provided by Statistics Sweden/Sida in conference room) (12:15 p.m. – 1:30 p.m.)**

**Afternoon session (1:30 p.m. – 5:30 p.m.)**

6. Data flows and global data reporting (1:30 p.m. – 2:15 p.m.)
- Presentation of document ‘Criteria for the implementation of the Guidelines on Data Flows and Global Data Reporting for Sustainable Development Goals’
  - Mr. Enrique Ordaz, IAEG-SDGs and Ms. Angela Me, CCSA
  
  - Presentation of inputs on best practices in global data reporting (background document to the UNSC 50)
  - Ms. Claire Plateau, France
  - Ms. Aberash Tariku Abaye, Ethiopia
  - Ms. Ritsuko Honda, UNISDR
7. Data disaggregation (2:15 p.m. – 3:15 p.m.)
- Work plan/progress on data disaggregation
  - Background document for UNSC50
  - Working meeting on data disaggregation
  - Mr. Sven Kaumanns, IAEG-SDGs

*Coffee Break (3:15 p.m. – 3:30 p.m.)*

8. SDG implementation and monitoring – data disaggregation case studies and best practices (3:30 p.m. – 4:30 p.m.)
- Mr. Andrea Pellandra, UNHCR and Ms. Natalia Baal, JIPS
  - Mr. Vladimir Cuk, International Disability Alliance
  - Ms. Claudia Wells, United Kingdom
  - Mr. Ahmad Hosseinpoor, WHO
9. Use of proxy indicators to monitor targets where indicators are currently Tier III (4:30 p.m. – 5:30 p.m.)
- Proposed indicators for proxies
  - Targets with a 2020 deadline
  - Tier III indicator workplans that are delayed

**Thursday, 8 November 2018**

**Morning session (9:30 a.m. – 12:30 p.m.)**

10. 2020 Comprehensive Review (9:30 a.m. – 10:30 a.m.)

11. SDG implementation and monitoring – geographic information systems case studies and best practices (10:30 a.m. – 11:30 a.m.)

- Mr. Hui Du, UN Office for Outer Space Affairs
- Ms. Karen Chavez Quintero, Colombia
- Mr. Enrique Ordaz, Mexico
- Ms. Marie Haldorson, Sweden

*Coffee Break (11:30 a.m. – 11:45 a.m.)*

12. Metadata and contact/focal point updates (11:45 a.m. – 12:15 p.m.)

- Requests for updates to the data collection calendar and focal points
- SDG data contact person at NSOs and request for any additional updates
- Metadata

**Lunch (provided by Statistics Sweden/Sida in conference room) (12:15 p.m. – 1:30 p.m.)**

**Afternoon session (1:30 p.m. – 5:00 p.m.)**

13. Annual refinements of indicators (1:30 p.m. – 2:00 p.m.)

14. SDG implementation and monitoring – national and regional monitoring and capacity building case studies and best practices (2:00 p.m. – 3:30 p.m.)

- Mr. Salah Al Muzahmi, GCC-Stat
- Mr. Hermanus Rietveld, Netherlands
- Ms. Renata Bielak, Poland
- Ms. Yongyi Min, UNSD
- Mr. Robert Höglund, Oxfam Sweden

*Coffee Break (3:30 p.m. – 3:45 p.m.)*

15. Work plan, next steps and IAEG-SDG's report to the 50<sup>th</sup> session of UNSC (3:45 p.m. – 5:00 p.m.)

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